

INFORMATION FOR WATER COOLED OIL COOLER SELECTION



PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS Shell & Tube Heat Exchanger

Company:	Date:
Address:	State:
Phone: Fax:	
Contact:	Ref:
Type of application: (Seawater / Freshwater)	
Other:	
Describe the circuit	
1. Heat Load (kW or Hp)	
2. Flow rate (I/min or USGPM) Shell side: V	Vater/Tube side:
3. Oil type (cSt or SSU)	
4. Maximum inlet fluid temp. (°C or °F) Shell side:	_ Water/Tube side:
5. Maximum allowable pressure drop (PSI or BAR) Shell side:	Water/Tube side:
6. Are there any circuit components which could cause sudden eg cylinders or accumulators	changes of oil flow
7. What is the power source and how much power is needed to source of the heat	o drive the hydraulics or the

The heat load may be approximated by:

- A. Hydraulic oil cooling: Assume 30% of the input horsepower.
- B. Hydrostatic oil cooling: Assume 25% of the input horsepower.
- C. Automatic Transmission: Assume 30% of engine horsepower.
- D. Engine oil cooling: Assume 10% of engine horsepower.

The above are only to be considered as guidelines. It is the customers responsibility to provide accurate information in order to select the most appropriate sized heat exchanger.